

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಡಿದಾಳ್ ಮಂಜಪ್ಪ.—Adjust ಮಾಡುವುದನ್ನು ಹಣದ ಮೂಲಕ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೇ ಹೊರತು ಇನ್ನು ಯಾವ ಮೂಲಕವೂ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK.—Does this Jahagir come under the Personal and Miscellaneous Inams, or under the Religious Inams ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—It comes under the former category.

Sri A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK.—Are not Personal and Miscellaneous Inams abolished ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—There is an Act concerning that. But the rules have to be framed in accordance with the Act and a date of vesting has to be fixed under a Notification. From that date onwards, they will be abolished.

Sri A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK.—Is there any necessity for keeping a separate fund for this purpose ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—There is no necessity, for the Government has been administering the Jahagir separately as a Jahagir.

Sri A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK.—Did the right to collect excise revenue and forest revenue vest with the Inamdar ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—I do not want to commit myself at this stage.

Sri A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK.—In general cases, does this right vest in the inamdars ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—It all depends upon the interpretation of the terms of the Sannads.

Sri A. BHEEMAPPA NAIK.—What was the right of this Yelandur Jahagir Inamdar for excise and forest revenue under the original grant ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—I want notice.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಅನಂತರಾಮನ್.—ಜಹಗೀರಿಯ ವರ ಮಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಭಾಗ ಜಹಗೀರುದಾರರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ತೀರ್ಮಾನವಾಗಿದೆ ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—These matters are regulated in accordance with the Act of 1885.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಅನಂತರಾಮನ್.—ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಏನಾದರೂ ಒಂದು ಪರಿಮಿತಿ ಇದೆಯೇ ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—There are certain responsibilities which will have to be shouldered by the Jahgirdar.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಅನಂತರಾಮನ್.—1951-52, 1952-53, 1953-54 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಏಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟು ಹಣ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—There was accumulated surplus. He wanted badly for meeting certain expenditure. Therefore at the request of the Court, the amount had to be paid.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಅನಂತರಾಮನ್.—ಮೊದಲಿನಿಂದಲೂ ಜಹಗೀರಿಯ ವರಮಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಅಲ್ಲಿಯ ಜನಗಳು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಿರಿ ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—I want notice.

ಶ್ರೀ ಹೆಚ್. ಎಂ. ಚನ್ನಬಸಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಜಹಗೀರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಸೂಲ್ಯಾದಿಂದ ಸೇಸನ್ನು ಘಡಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿರತಕ್ಕಂಥದ್ದು ನ್ಯಾಯದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಡಿದಾಳ್ ಮಂಜಪ್ಪ.—ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಹೆಚ್. ಎಂ. ಚನ್ನಬಸಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಜಹಗೀರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಇತ್ಯರ್ಥ ಮಾಡುವುದರೊಳಗೆ ಮೈಸೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಬೋರ್ಡಿಗೆ ಯಾವುದೂ ಜಹಗೀರಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟಂಥ cess accumulate ಆಗಿರುವುದನ್ನು ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಬೋರ್ಡಿಗೆ transfer ಮಾಡಿಬಿಟ್ಟು ಅನಂತರ ಮುಂದಿನ ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಸೂಕ್ತವಲ್ಲವೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಡಿದಾಳ್ ಮಂಜಪ್ಪ.—ಅದನ್ನು ಯೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Question hour is over.

ಶ್ರೀ ಮೈ. ಎಂ. ಚಂದ್ರಶೇಖರಯ್ಯ.—Question hour ಅರ್ಧಘಂಟೆಗೆ ಮುಗಿದು ಹೋಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ lapse ಆಗಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸಭೆಯವರ ಪರವಾಗಿ ಕೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಈಗಿರತಕ್ಕ ನಿಬಂಧನೆಗಳ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿಲ್ಲ.

## MESSAGE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I report to the House that a message has been received from the Legislative Council that the Mysore Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1955, passed by the Assembly during the current Session and transmitted to the Council has been agreed to without any recommendation.

## Statement by Members re. sharing of Palar Waters.

Sri J. MOHAMED IMAM (Jagalur).—Before proceeding further, I want to elicit certain information. I want to bring to the notice of the Government a very important matter. We read in the newspapers about two days ago that there was a very heated debate regarding the sharing of Palar

waters in the Madras Legislative Assembly and the Madras Legislative Council and the Madras Government have decided to request the Central Government to appoint a council to go into this matter. It is a vital matter which affects the interest of Mysore, specially the interests of Kolar District whose future and well-being depends upon the water of Palar and also Pennar. So, I would like to know if the Government have taken precaution and if they have consulted the jurists and what steps they have adopted. In view of the fact that the Madras Government are going ahead and asking for the appointment of an independent council, I am drawing the attention of the Mysore Government to this important aspect, if it has not already been drawn. I would like the Government to take us into their confidence and tell us if not today, some other day, as to what precautions they are going to take in order to safeguard the interests of Mysore.

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA (Minister for Revenue and Public Works).—I will make a statement tomorrow.

### MYSORE WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Now, the Discussion on the Weights and Measures (Amendment) Bill will continue.

Sri V. M. MASCARENHAS (St. John's Hill).—Mr. Speaker, I shall be brief. After your words of advice, the other day that members must not indulge in unnecessary long speeches and thus waste public money. . . .

Sri J. MOHAMED IMAM (Jagalur).—Sir, it is a reflection on us.

Sri V. M. MASCARENHAS.—I did not mean anything like that. The object of the Government in bringing forward a Bill of this kind is indeed commendable and I think they deserve congratulations of this House, nay, of the country. It is a far-reaching measure calculated to do much good to the country and to the community and therefore I feel that an enactment of this kind should not only be simple

and easy in operation from the Government's stand-point, but it should be calculated to see that there is very little hardship caused to the trade. It is my opinion, an opinion shared by my Hon'ble friends like Sri T. Mariappa, Sri Pattabhiraman and Sri Bheemappa Naik, that the manufacture of all these weights and measures must be under the direct control and supervision of the Government as also their distribution. I understand it is a very stupendous task considering that you have got to manufacture thousands of weights and measures of various denominations and most important is their accuracy. But yet the problem has to be faced and as long as the Government sponsors this Bill, it is their responsibility to see that this is done. I would even suggest that the Government constitute a Committee consisting of the representatives of Trade, the Legislature and of the Government to devise ways and means as to how best this could be done. Sir, if this principle of the Government manufacturing all these weights and measures is conceded, the Bill becomes very simple. The Inspectors' functions and responsibilities automatically vanish in most cases with weights and measures issued all over the State under Government control. The Inspectors have to play a very minor part except going periodically, once in a way, to see whether these weights and measures with Government monogram or seal are in use. There is very little work for these Inspectors. The counterfeit weights and measures will be automatically seized and confiscated and if this is done, the work of the Inspector stops there.

There is also another question which has been raised by members, namely, that it would not be sufficient if the primary weights and measures are deposited with the Deputy Commissioner, but they should be deposited in each Taluk Office. But that question does not arise because the provision of confiscation being there, the question of counterfeit weights and measures does not arise at all. If it arises, these counterfeit weights and measures will